=> d ibib abs hitstr 1-22

ANSWER 1 OF 22 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

2006:437549 CAPLUS ACCESSION NUMBER:

TITLE: Analgesic

INVENTOR (S): Izumimoto, Naoki; Kawamura, Kuniaki; Komagata,

Toshikazu; Hashimoto, Tadatoshi; Nagabukuro, Hiroshi

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Toray Industries, Inc., Japan

PCT Int. Appl., 68 pp. SOURCE:

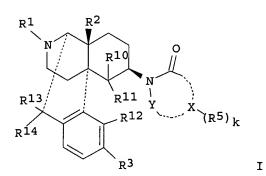
CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

| PAT | PATENT NO. | | | KIN | D | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | | | | D | ATE | | | | | |
|----------|------------|------|------|-----|-----|------|-----------------|------|-----|------|-------|-------|-----|-----|------|------|-----|
| | | | | | | - | | | | | | | | | - | | |
| WO | 2006 | 0492 | 48 | | A1 | | 2006 | 0511 | 1 | WO 2 | 005- | JP20 | 297 | | 2 | 0051 | 104 |
| | W: | ΑE, | AG, | AL, | AM, | AT, | AU, | ΑZ, | BA, | BB, | BG, | BR, | BW, | BY, | ΒZ, | CA, | CH, |
| | | CN, | CO, | CR, | CU, | CZ, | DE, | DK, | DM, | DZ, | EC, | EE, | EG, | ES, | FI, | GB, | GD, |
| | | GE, | GH, | GM, | HR, | HU, | ID, | IL, | IN, | IS, | JP, | KE, | KG, | KM, | KN, | KP, | KR, |
| | | ΚZ, | LC, | LK, | LR, | LS, | LT, | LU, | LV, | LY, | MA, | MD, | MG, | MK, | MN, | MW, | MX, |
| | | MZ, | NA, | NG, | NI, | NO, | ΝZ, | OM, | PG, | PH, | PL, | PT, | RO, | RU, | SC, | SD, | SE, |
| | | SG, | SK, | SL, | SM, | SY, | ТJ, | TM, | TN, | TR, | TT, | ΤZ, | UΑ, | UG, | US, | UΖ, | VC, |
| | | VN, | YU, | ZA, | ZM, | zw | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | RW: | AT, | BE, | BG, | CH, | CY, | CZ, | DE, | DK, | EE, | ES, | FI, | FR, | GB, | GR, | HU, | ΙE, |
| | | IS, | ΙT, | LT, | LU, | LV, | MC, | NL, | PL, | PT, | RO, | SE, | SI, | SK, | TR, | BF, | ВJ, |
| | | CF, | CG, | CI, | CM, | GΑ, | GN, | GQ, | GW, | ML, | MR, | ΝE, | SN, | TD, | TG, | BW, | GH, |
| | | GM, | KE, | LS, | MW, | MZ, | NA, | SD, | SL, | SZ, | TZ, | ŪĠ, | ZM, | ZW, | AM, | AZ, | BY, |
| | | KG, | ΚZ, | MD, | RU, | TJ, | TM | | | | | | | | | | _ |
| PRIORITY | APP | LN. | INFO | . : | | | | | | JP 2 | 004-3 | 32058 | 83 | () | A 20 | 0041 | 104 |
| GI | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | ノ |



- An analgesic widely applicable to various pains induced by various causes. AB The analgesic contains as an active ingredient either a specific morphinan derivative having a nitrogenous cyclic substituent in the 6-position such as compound (I), or a pharmacol. acceptable acid addition salt thereof.
- IT 681030-14-8P 681030-15-9P 681030-28-4P 681030-75-1P 681031-03-8P 885322-11-2P 885322-12-3P 885322-13-4P 885322-15-6P 885322-17-8P 885322-18-9P 885322-19-0P 885322-20-3P 885322-21-4P 885322-22-5P 885322-23-6P 885322-26-9P 885322-29-2P 885322-31-6P 885322-33-8P 885322-36-1P

885322-38-3P

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

CRN 133-37-9 CMF C4 H6 O6

Relative stereochemistry.

REFERENCE COUNT: 20

THERE ARE 20 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

ANSWER 2 OF 22 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2006:273663 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

144:312240

TITLE:

Preparation of substituted epoxymorphinans as opioid

receptor modulators

INVENTOR(S):

Dolle, Roland E.; Le Bourdonnec, Bertrand; Sutton,

Jonathan Mark; Eastwood, Paul; Warner, Ines

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

SOURCE:

Adolor Corporation, USA U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 88 pp.

CODEN: USXXCO

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

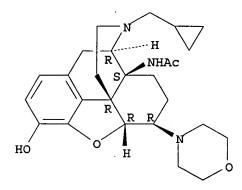
| | PATENT NO. | | | KIN | D | DATE APPLICATION NO. D. | | | | | D | ATE | | | | | | | |
|------------------------|------------|------|------|-----|-----|-------------------------|-----|------|------|-------|------|------|------|--|-------------------|----------|------|-----|--|
| | | | | | | | - | | | | | | | | | - | | | |
| | US | 2006 | 0637 | 92 | | A1 | | 2006 | 0323 | | US 2 | 005- | 2276 | 85 | | 20050915 | | | |
| | WO | 2006 | 0340 | 39 | | A2 | | 2006 | 0330 | | WO 2 | 005- | US33 | 179 | | 2 | 0050 | 916 | |
| | | W: | ΑE, | AG, | AL, | AM, | ΑT, | ΑU, | AZ, | BA, | BB, | BG, | BR, | BW, | BY, | BZ, | CA, | CH, | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | GE, | GH, | GM, | HR, | HU, | ID, | IL, | IN, | IS, | JP, | KE, | KG, | KM, | KP, | KR, | KZ. | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
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| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | ZA, | | | | | | | | • | • | | • | • | • | • | |
| | | RW: | ΑT, | BE, | BG, | CH, | CY, | CZ, | DE, | DK, | EE, | ES, | FI, | FR, | GB, | GR, | HU, | IE, | |
| | | | IS, | IT, | LT, | LU, | LV, | MC, | NL, | PL, | PT, | RO, | SE, | SI, | SK, | TR, | BF, | ВJ, | |
| | | | CF, | CG, | CI, | CM, | GA, | GN, | GQ, | GW, | ML, | MR, | NE, | SN, | TD, | TG, | BW, | GH. | |
| | | | GM, | KΕ, | LS, | MW, | MZ, | NA, | SD, | SL, | SZ, | TZ, | UG, | ZM, | ZW, | AM, | AZ, | BY, | |
| | | | .KG, | | | | | | | | | • | | • | | | | 7 | |
| PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: | | | | | | | 1 | US 2 | 004- | 6107 | 21P | (1 | 2 (| 20050916 BZ, CA, CH, FI, GB, GD, KP, KR, KZ, MW, MX, MZ, SD, SE, SG, UZ, VC, VN, GR, HU, IE, IR, BF, BJ, IG, BW, GH, AM, AZ, BY, | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | 1 | US 2 | 005-3 | 2276 | 35 | 7 | 2-2 |)05 09 | 915 | | | |
| GT | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

GΙ

RN 879875-16-8 CAPLUS

CN Acetamide, N- $[(5\alpha, 6\beta)$ -17-(cyclopropylmethyl)-4,5-epoxy-3-hydroxy-6-(4-morpholinyl)morphinan-14-yl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

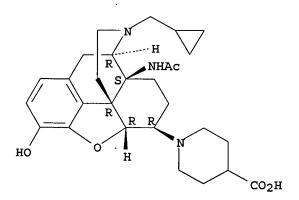
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 879875-30-6 CAPLUS

CN 4-Piperidinecarboxylic acid, 1-[(5α,6β)-14-(acetylamino)-17-(cyclopropylmethyl)-4,5-epoxy-3-hydroxymorphinan-6-yl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



L4 ANSWER 3 OF 22 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:1235384 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 144:128934

TITLE: Annulation of Primary Amines to Piperazines and Diazaspirocycles Utilizing α -Methyl Benzyl Resin

 \mathcal{L}

AUTHOR(S): Macleod, Calum; Martinez-Teipel, Blanca I.; Barker,

William M.; Dolle, Roland E.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Chemistry, Adolor Corporation, Exton,

PA, 19341, USA

SOURCE: Journal of Combinatorial Chemistry (2006), 8(1),

132-140

CODEN: JCCHFF; ISSN: 1520-4766

American Chemical Society

PUBLISHER: American
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 144:128934

GI

HN N-R

$$N-R$$

The microwave-assisted solid-phase synthesis of 1-R-piperazines (R = Ph2CHCH2, 3-FC6H4CH2, cyclopentyl, 2-thienylmethyl, etc.), 3,9-diazaspiro[5.5]undecanes I and 2,9-diazaspiro[5.5]undecanes II is reported. The synthesis relies on the direct annulation of primary amines RNH2 with resin-bound bismesylates, e.g. XCHMeOCON(CH2CH2OSO2Me)2 (X = resin) for synthesis of piperazines. Critical to the success of this chemical was the development of α -Me benzyl carbamate resin linker. This resin permits the cleavage of the heterocycles under mildly acidic conditions, free of contaminating linker-derived N-alkylated byproducts.

TT 873433-28-4P 873433-70-6P 873434-10-7P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
 (solid-phase synthesis of functionalized piperazines and diazaspiroundecanes via heterocyclization of primary amines with resin-bound bis(mesylates) under microwave irradiation conditions)

873433-28-4 CAPLUS

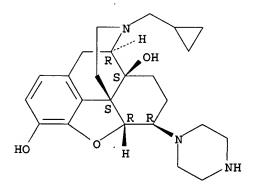
CN Morphinan-3,14-diol, 17-(cyclopropylmethyl)-4,5-epoxy-6-(1-piperazinyl)-, $(5\alpha,6\beta)$ -, tris(trifluoroacetate) (salt) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

RN

CRN 873433-27-3 CMF C24 H33 N3 O3

Absolute stereochemistry.



2

CM 2

CRN 76-05-1 CMF C2 H F3 O2

CO2H

REFERENCE COUNT:

20 THERE ARE 20 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4ANSWER 4 OF 22 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN 2005:1103579 CAPLUS

ACCESSION NUMBER:

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

143:379869

TITLE:

INVENTOR (S):

Morphinan derivatives as anti-itching agents Izumimoto, Naoki; Komagata, Toshikazu; Honda, Toshiyuki; Kawai, Koji

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Toray Industries, Inc., Japan

SOURCE:

PCT Int. Appl., 60 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

1

LANGUAGE:

Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

| PA? | CENT | NO. | | | KIN | D : | DATE | | | APPL | ICAT | ION I | . 07 | | D | ATE | | |
|--------------------------------|------|------|------|-----|-----|-----|------|------|-----|------------|------|-------|------|-----|------|------|------|----|
| | | | | | - | | | | | - - | | | | | | | | |
| WO | 2005 | 0948 | 26 | | A1 | | 2005 | 1013 | • | WO 2 | 005- | JP60 | 15 | | 2 | 0050 | 330 | |
| | W: | ΑE, | AG, | AL, | AM, | ΑT, | AU, | ΑZ, | BA, | BB, | BG, | BR, | BW, | BY, | ΒZ, | CA, | CH, | |
| | | CN, | CO, | CR, | CU, | CZ, | DE, | DK, | DM, | DZ, | EC, | EE, | EG, | ES, | FI, | GB, | GD, | |
| | | GE, | GH, | GM, | HR, | HU, | ID, | IL, | IN, | IS, | JP, | KE, | KG, | KP, | KR, | KZ, | LC, | |
| | | LK, | LR, | LS, | LT, | LU, | LV, | MA, | MD, | MG, | MK, | MN, | MW, | MX, | MZ, | NA, | NI, | |
| | | NO, | NZ, | OM, | PG, | PH, | PL, | PT, | RO, | RU, | SC, | SD, | SE, | SG, | SK, | SL, | SM, | |
| | | SY, | TJ, | TM, | TN, | TR, | TT, | TZ, | UA, | ŪĠ, | US, | UZ, | VC, | VN, | YU, | ZA, | ZM, | ZW |
| | RW: | BW, | GH, | GM, | KE, | LS, | MW, | MZ, | NA, | SD, | SL, | SZ, | TZ, | UG, | ZM, | ZW, | AM, | |
| | | | | | | | | | | AT, | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | IS, | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | CG, | | | | | | | | |
| | | MR, | NE, | SN, | TD, | TG | | | | | | | | | | - | | ` |
| RITS | APP | LN. | INFO | . : | | | | | , | JP 20 | 004- | 9779 | 3 | () | A 20 | 040 | 330/ | / |
| R SOURCE(S): MARPAT 143:379869 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

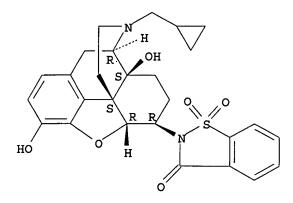
PRIO OTHER SOURCE(S):

MARPAT 143:379869

Disclosed is a novel anti-itching agent useful for the treatment of itching accompanied by various diseases. The anti-itching agent contains

NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



RN866572-72-7 CAPLUS

CN

1,2-Benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one, 2-[$(5\alpha,6\beta)$ -17-(cyclopropylmethyl)-

4,5-epoxy-14-hydroxy-3-(methoxymethoxy)morphinan-6-yl]-, 1,1-dioxide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

REFERENCE COUNT:

17 THERE ARE 17 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

ANSWER 5 OF 22 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN L4

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:1056264 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 143:477783

TITLE: Solid/solution-phase annulation reagents: Single-step

synthesis of cyclic amine derivatives

AUTHOR(S):

Dolle, Roland E.; MacLeod, Calum; Martinez-Teipel, Blanca; Barker, William; Seida, Pamela R.; Herbertz,

Torsten

CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Chemistry, Adolor Corporation, Exton,

PA, 19341, USA

SOURCE: Angewandte Chemie, International Edition (2005)

44(36), 5830-5833

CODEN: ACIEF5; ISSN: 1433-7851

PUBLISHER: Wiley-VCH Verlag GmbH & Co. KGaA

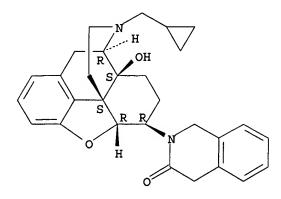
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 143:477783

GI

(cyclopropylmethyl)-4,5-epoxy-14-hydroxymorphinan-6-yl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 12 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

ANSWER 6 OF 22 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2004:333718 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

140:339518

TITLE:

Preparation of morphinan derivatives having

nitrogen-containing heterocyclic group as remedies or prophylactic agents for urinary frequency or urinary

incontinence

INVENTOR(S):

Izumimoto, Naoki; Kawai, Koji; Kawamura, Kuniaki;

Fujimura, Morihiro; Komagata, Toshikazu

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

SOURCE:

Toray Industries, Inc., Japan PCT Int. Appl., 202 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

LANGUAGE:

Patent Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

| PAT | PATENT NO. | | | KIN | D | DATE | | APPLICATION NO. | | | | | DATE | | | | | |
|------------------------|------------|-------|--------|-----|-----|-------|------|----------------------------------|-----|------|-------|-------|------|-----|------|--|-----|--|
| WO | 2004 | 0334 | 57 | | A1 | _ | 2004 | 0422 | | | | | | | . 2 | 0031 | 008 | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | BG, | | | | | CH. | CN. | |
| | | .CO, | CR, | CU, | CZ, | DE, | DK, | DM. | DZ. | EC. | EE, | EG. | ES. | FI. | GB. | GD. | GE. | |
| | | GH. | GM. | HR. | HU. | ID. | IL. | TN. | TS. | JP. | KE, | KG, | KP | KP | KZ. | T.C | T.K | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | MN, | | | | | | | |
| | | OM. | PG | DH, | DT. | סידים | PO. | DII | 80 | en, | SE, | 60 | CV | CI. | CA, | m T | mM, | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 10, | TM, | |
| | DM. | | | | | | | | | | VN, | | | | | | | |
| | RW: | GH, | GM, | KE, | LS, | MW, | MZ, | SD, | SL, | SZ, | TZ, | UG, | ZM, | ZW, | AM, | AZ, | BY, | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | BF, | ВJ, | CF, | CG, | CI, | CM, | GΑ, | GN, | GQ, | GW, | ML, | MR, | NE, | SN, | TD, | TG | |
| CA | 25013 | 389 | | | AA | | 2004 | 0422 | | CA 2 | 003-2 | 2501 | 389 | | 20 | 0031 | 800 | |
| AU | 20032 | 27294 | 14 | | A1 | | 2004 | 0504 | | AU 2 | 003-2 | 2729 | 44 | | 20 | 0031 | 800 | |
| EP | 15552 | 266 | | | A1 | | 2005 | 0720 | | EP 2 | 003- | 7540 | 30 | | 20 | 0031 | 308 | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | , | |
| BR | 20030 |)1475 | 54 | | A | , | 2005 | 0726 | , | BR 2 | 003- | 4754 | 4 | ш, | 20, | 1031 | 208 | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| NO | 20050 | 10216 | 57 | | 7 | | 2005 | 1616 | | NO 2 | 005- | 1167 | 5-4 | | 2 (| 10504 | -00 | |
| PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: | | | | A | | 2005 | 2010 | 6 NO 2005-2167 JP 2002-295616 | | | | | | | | | | |
| FRIORITI APPIN. INFO.: | | | • • | | | | | | | | | | _ | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | WO 2 | 003-0 | JP128 | 390 | V | V 20 | A, AZ, BY, C, EE, ES, I, SK, TR, I, TD, TG 20031008 20031008 20031008 I, MC, PT, IJ, SK 20031008 20050406 20050503 20021009 20031008 | | |

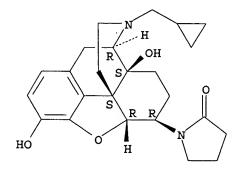
Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 681033-25-0 CAPLUS CN 2-Pyrrolidinone, 1-[$(5\alpha, 6\alpha)$ -17-(cyclopropylmethyl)-4,5-epoxy-3,14-dihydroxymorphinan-6-yl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 681033-27-2 CAPLUS CN 2-Pyrrolidinone, 1-[$(5\alpha,6\beta)$ -17-(cyclopropylmethyl)-4,5-epoxy-3,14-dihydroxymorphinan-6-yl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



REFERENCE COUNT: 5 THERE ARE 5 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

1997:687571 CAPLUS ACCESSION NUMBER:

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 127:346547

Synthesis of novel pyridazinomorphinans by TITLE:

inverse-electron-demand cycloaddition and their

binding to μ - and κ -receptors

Klindert, Thilo; Stroetmann, Isabel; Seitz, Gunther; AUTHOR (S):

Hofner, Georg; Wanner, Klaus T.; Frenzen, Gerlinde;

Eckhoff, Brigitta

Pharmazeutisch-Chemisches Institut, Universitat CORPORATE SOURCE:

Marburg, Marburg, D-35032, Germany

SOURCE: Archiv der Pharmazie (Weinheim, Germany) (1997),

330(6), 163-168

CODEN: ARPMAS; ISSN: 0365-6233

PUBLISHER: Wiley-VCH DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

A number of novel pyridazinomorphinans were synthesized by the inverse-electron-demand Diels-Alder reaction of 3,6-disubstituted 1,2,4,5-tetrazines with enamines derived from dihydrocodeinone and with codeinone. Reduction of some of the pyridazinomorphinans did not furnish the expected pyrroloepoxymorphinans. In all cases, investigated reductive cleavage of the epoxy bridge was observed to yield dihydropyridazino- or pyrrolomorphinans. The structures of all new compds. were assigned by the spectral data, that of the cycloadduct of codeinone was addnl. verified by x-ray crystallog. Some of the compds. were evaluated for their affinity at μ - and κ -opioid receptors in radioligand binding assays. Their ability to inhibit [3H]DAMGO binding at μ and [H]U 69.593 binding at κ receptors, resp., as compared to code ine is lower.

IT 198136-91-3P

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(preparation of pyridazinomorphinans by inverse-electron-demand cycloaddn. and binding to μ - and κ -receptors)

198136-91-3 CAPLUS

CM 4,8-Methano-5H-benzofuro[2,3-f]pyrido[4,3-g]phthalazine,

6,7,8,8a,9,9a,13a,13b-octahydro-1-methoxy-7-methyl-10,13-bis(methylthio)-

13a-(1-pyrrolidinyl)-, [8R-(4bS*,8 α ,8a β ,9a α ,13a α ,13

bβ)]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

Me MeO Н Η R SMe s Н MeS

IT 198136-92-4P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (preparation of pyridazinomorphinans by inverse-electron-demand cycloaddn. and binding to μ - and κ -receptors)

RN 198136-92-4 CAPLUS

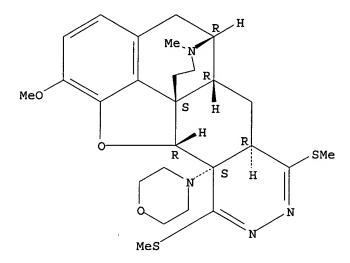
CN 4,8-Methano-5H-benzofuro[2,3-f]pyrido[4,3-g]phthalazine,

6,7,8,8a,9,9a,13a,13b-octahydro-1-methoxy-7-methyl-10,13-bis(methylthio)-

13a - (4-morpholinyl) -, [8R-(4bS*, 8\alpha, 8a\beta, 9a\alpha, 13a\alpha, 13b

β)]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



L4 ANSWER 8 OF 22 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1995:213594 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 122:81697

TITLE: Stereoselective synthesis of β -naltrexol,

 β -naloxol, β -naloxamine, β -naltrexamine

and related compounds by the application of the

Mitsunobu reaction

AUTHOR(S): Simon, Csaba; Hosztafi, Sandor; Makleit, Sandor

CORPORATE SOURCE: Alkaloida Chem. Company Ltd., Tiszavasvari, H-4440,

Hung.

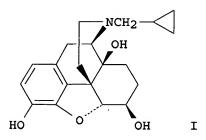
SOURCE: Tetrahedron (1994), 50(32), 9757-68

CODEN: TETRAB; ISSN: 0040-4020

PUBLISHER: Elsevier DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 122:81697

GI



AB As a continuation of our work, aimed at adopting the Mitsunobu reaction in the morphine series, a few representatives of dihydroisocodeines and dihydroisomorphines and their 14β -hydroxy analogs, e.g. I, were

IT

prepared P-Nitrobenzoic acid was used as carboxylic acid and the prepared esters were cleaved to obtain the title compds. Using phthalimide as acidic component several new 6β-phthalimidodihydromorphine and dihydrocodeine derivs. and their 14β-hydroxy analogs have been synthesized. Cleavage of the phthalimido derivs. with hydrazine hydrate afforded the corresponding 6β-amino derivs.

142729-59-7P 142729-60-0P 160359-48-8P
160359-49-9P 160359-50-2P 160359-51-3P
160359-52-4P 160359-53-5P 160359-54-6P
160359-55-7P 160359-6-8P 160359-57-9P
160359-61-5P 160359-62-6P 160359-60-4P
160359-61-5P 160359-62-6P 160359-63-7P
160359-64-8P 160359-65-9P 160359-66-0P
160359-67-1P 160359-68-2P 161273-21-8P
RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(storoggological synthesis of polynomial polyn

(stereoselective synthesis of naltrexol, naloxol, naloxamine, naltrexamine and related compds. by the application of the Mitsunobu reaction)

RN 142729-59-7 CAPLUS

CN 1H-Isoindole-1,3(2H)-dione, 2-[(5α ,6 β)-4,5-epoxy-3-methoxy-17-methylmorphinan-6-yl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 142729-60-0 CAPLUS

CN 1H-Isoindole-1,3(2H)-dione, 2-[(5α ,6 β)-4,5-epoxy-14-hydroxy-3-methoxy-17-methylmorphinan-6-yl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

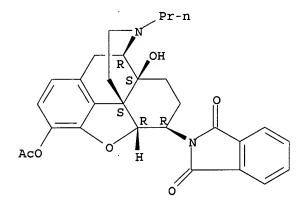
Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 160359-48-8 CAPLUS

CN 1H-Isoindole-1,3(2H)-dione, 2-[$(5\alpha,6\beta)$ -4,5-epoxy-3-methoxy-17-

CN 1H-Isoindole-1,3(2H)-dione, 2-[$(5\alpha,6\beta)$ -3-(acetyloxy)-4,5-epoxy-14-hydroxy-17-propylmorphinan-6-yl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



L4 ANSWER 9 OF 22 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1992:490553 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 117:90553

TITLE: Substituent-dependent conformational changes in

6β-substituted codeine derivatives

AUTHOR(S): Szilagyi, Laszlo; Makleit, Sandor; Hosztafi, Sandor;

Simon, Csaba

CORPORATE SOURCE: Dep. Org. Chem., L. Kossuth Univ., Debrecen, H-4010,

Hung.

SOURCE: Magnetic Resonance in Chemistry (1992), 30(6), 552-7

CODEN: MRCHEG; ISSN: 0749-1581

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

GI

Complete 1H and 13C NMR data are reported for eleven isocodeine derivs., e.g. I, and seven dihydroisocodeine derivs. bearing various substituents at position 6. In isocodeines having bulky succinimido or phthalimido groups at C-6 rings C adopts a half-boat conformation, characterized by the quasi-equatorial orientation of the C-6-N bond. The distortion from the usual boat form is due to steric interactions between C-14 and β -substituents at C-6, and it is greater in 14-hydroxy derivs. than in isocodeines unsubstituted at this position. In dihydroisocodeines the conformation of ring C is close to a chair, irresp. of the steric demand of the substituent at C-6.

IT 141844-27-1 142729-58-6 142729-59-7

142729-60-0

RL: PRP (Properties)

RN 142729-60-0 CAPLUS

CN 1H-Isoindole-1,3(2H)-dione, 2-[$(5\alpha,6\beta)$ -4,5-epoxy-14-hydroxy-3-methoxy-17-methylmorphinan-6-yl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

L4 ANSWER 10 OF 22 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1992:426891 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 117:26891

TITLE: Application of the Mitsunobu reaction for morphine

compounds. Preparation of 6β-aminomorphine and

codeine derivatives

AUTHOR(S): Simon, Csaba; Hosztafi, Sandor; Makleit, Sandor

CORPORATE SOURCE: Alkaloida Chem. Fact., Tiszavasvari, H-4400, Hung.

SOURCE: Synthetic Communications (1992), 22(6), 913-21

CODEN: SYNCAV; ISSN: 0039-7911

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 117:26891

GI

AB By the application of the Mitsunobu reaction several new 6β-aminomorphine and codeine derivs., carrying a Δ7,8 double bond in ring C, e.g. I, were synthesized. The catalytic hydrogenation of these compds. offered a new stereoselective way for the synthesis of the corresponding 6β-amino-dihydro analogs, e.g. II. The different conformation of ring C of the saturated and unsatd. amino compds. allows to study the structure-activity relationship, and by tritiation of the unsatd. derivs. the substrate-receptor interactions can be examined IT 141844-27-1P 141844-28-2P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (preparation of)

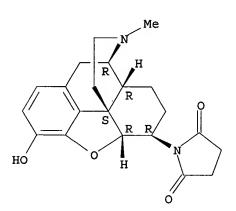
RN 141844-27-1 CAPLUS

CN 2,5-Pyrrolidinedione, 1-[$(5\alpha,6\beta)$ -4,5-epoxy-3-methoxy-17-methylmorphinan-6-yl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 141844-28-2 CAPLUS CN 2,5-Pyrrolidinedione, 1-[(5α ,6 β)-4,5-epoxy-3-hydroxy-17-methylmorphinan-6-yl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



L4 ANSWER 11 OF 22 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1984:522568 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

101:122568

TITLE:

Design and synthesis of naltrexone-derived affinity labels with nonequilibrium opioid agonist and

antagonist activities. Evidence for the existence of

different μ receptor subtypes in different tissues

AUTHOR(S): Sayre, L. M.; Larson, D. L.; Takemori, A. E.;

Portoghese, P. S.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Med. Sch., Univ. Minnesota, Minneapolis, MN, 55455,

USA

Journal

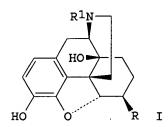
SOURCE: Journal of Medicinal Chemistry (1984), 27(10), 1325-35

CODEN: JMCMAR; ISSN: 0022-2623

DOCUMENT TYPE:

LANGUAGE: English

GI



AB β -Funaltrexamine (β -FNA) analogs I (R = NHCOCH:CHCO2Me, NHCOC.tplbond.CH, NHCOCH2HgCl, etc.; R1 = CH2CH:CH2 or CH2CH(CH2)2) were prepared and evaluated for opioid agonist and antagonist activities in guinea pig ileum (GPI) and mouse vas deferens (MVD) in vitro assays. Several I behaved like β-FNA showing reversible agonist activity at κ-opioid receptors and irreversible antagonist activity at μ -opioid receptors. 17-(Cyclopropylmethyl)-4,5 α -epoxy-3,14dihydroxy-6β-(maleimidoacetimido) morphinan (I; R = maleimidoacetimido; R1 = CH2CH(CH2)2) [91409-44-8] behaved very differntly from β -FNA exhibiting considerably greater μ -receptor antagonism in the MVD relative to the GPI; this suggests that different proportions of μ -receptor subtypes exist in the 2 tissues. Several of the agents tested, including some nonreactive control compds. (I; R = NHCOPh or NHCO(CH2)2CO2Me; R1 = CH2CH(CH2)2) displayed an unusual type of persistant κ-agonist activity in the GPI; this activity was reversibly antagonized by naloxone. Receptor models are presented to explain this effect. A few of the reactive ligands displayed a true nonreversible κ-agonist activity, suggesting a covalent association with the receptor; of note in this regard was 17-(cyclopropylmethyl)-4,5 α epoxy-3,14-dihydroxy-6 β -propiolamidomorphinan (I; R = NHCOC.tplbond.H; R1 = CH2CH(CH2)2) [91409-41-5] which appeared to be an irreversible mixed agonist-antagonist at κ - and μ -receptors. Structure-activity relations are discussed.

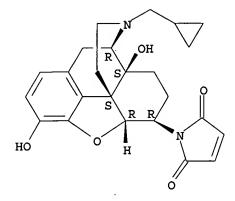
IT 91409-42-6P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (preparation and opiate receptor agonist-antagonist activity of)

RN 91409-42-6 CAPLUS

CN 1H-Pyrrole-2,5-dione, 1- $[(5\alpha,6\beta)$ -17-(cyclopropylmethyl)-4,5-epoxy-3,14-dihydroxymorphinan-6-yl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



ANSWER 12 OF 22 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

1967:482295 CAPLUS ACCESSION NUMBER:

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 67:82295

TITLE: Endoetheno-codeines and -morphines

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): American Cyanamid Co. SOURCE: Neth. Appl., 42 pp.

CODEN: NAXXAN

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Dutch FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE | |
|------------------------|------|----------|-----------------|----------|--|
| | | | | | |
| NL 6610236 | | 19670123 | NL 1966-10236 | 19660720 | |
| US 3318884 | | 19670509 | US 1965-511345 | 19651203 | |
| US 3318885 | | 19670509 | US 1965-511344 | 19651203 | |
| US 3318886 | | 19670509 | US 1965-511365 | 19651203 | |
| PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: | | | ·US | 19650721 | |
| | | | US | 19651203 | |

For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue.

GI The preparation of the title compds. (I) is given. Thus, 4 ml. pyrrolidine is AB added slowly to a suspension of 4 g. codeinone in 40 ml. hot MeOH in a N atmospheric After cooling the mixture is kept 1-2 hrs. at 0-5° to yield 3.5 g. of the methanolate (IIa), m. 112-14°, of II (R1 = R2 = Me). On refluxing a solution of 245 mg. IIa in 25 ml. anhydrous C6H6 for 4 hrs. 112 mg. III (R1 = R2 = Me) (IIIa), m. 117-20° (n-hexane), is obtained. Both reaction of IIa and of IIIa with a suitable dienophile of formula CH2:CHR3 yields I. The assignment of the endo structure α and of the exo structure β to the resulting epimers and to those of other I is based on N.M.R. spectra. Thus, a mixture of 200 mg. IIa and 5 ml. CH2: CHCN is refluxed 2 hrs. and evaporated to yield 125 mg. of a mixture of epimers of I (R1 = R2 = Me, R3 = CN) (Ia), m. $197-200^{\circ}$ (decomposition) (Me2-CO-n-hexane). This mixture is resolved by partition chromatog. to yield $\alpha\text{-Ia}$, m. 201-2° (decomposition), and $\beta\text{-Ia}$, m. $205-7^{\circ}$ (decomposition). The following I (R1 = R2 = Me, R3 and m.p. given) are similarly prepared: α -CHO (Ib), 165-7°; α -CO2Et (Ic), 219-21° (decomposition); α + β -PhCO (Id), 182-3° (decomposition); $\alpha + \beta$ -Ac (Ie), -. Refluxing a mixture of 80 mg. IIIa and 5 ml. CH2:CHCN for 2 hrs. yields 64 mg. (α + β)-Ia, m. 195-9° (decomposition) (Me2CO-hexane). In a similar manner are prepared: $\alpha\text{-Ib}$, m. 165-7°, and $\alpha\text{-Ie}$, m. 104-7°. α -Ic (1 g.) is added to a suspension of 1 g. LiAlH4 in 100 ml. Et2O. After stirring the mixture 2 hrs. at room temperature, it is

treated with saturated aqueous K Na tartrate. Working up of the organic solution yields

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646 mg. crude I (R1 = R2 = Me, R3 = CH2OH) (If), m. 150-7°, which
     on recrystn. yields \alpha\text{-If}, m. 162-5° (MeOH). The same product
     (m. 148-52°) is obtained by reduction of \alpha-Ib with NaBH4 in EtOH.
     Reduction of 500 mg. (\alpha + \beta)-Id with 500 mg. LiAlH4 in 50 ml. Et20
     gives 238 mg. (\alpha + \beta)-I (R1 = R2 = Me, R3 = CH(OH)Ph) (Ig), m.
     195-9° (MeOH). Further, 500 mg. metallic Li is added portionwise
     to a mixture of 500 mg. (\alpha + \beta)-Id, 50 ml. Et20, and 12.5 ml.
     MeI. After stirring the mixture of 30 min. it is decomposed to yield 231 mg.
     crude I \cdot [R1 = R2 = Me, R3 = CMe(OH)Ph] (Ih), m. 143-6°, which is
     purified by partition chromatog. to yield \alpha-Ih, m. 150-2°.
     Similarly prepared are the following I (R1 = R2 = Me, R3 and m.p. given):
     (\alpha + \beta) -CMe (OH) Pr (Ii), -; (\alpha + \beta) -CMe2OH (Ij), m.
     184-6°; (\alpha + \beta)-CH(OH)Me (Ik), m. 170-4°.
     Treatment of 1 mole Ic with 2 moles MeLi also yields \alpha\text{-Ij}, m.
     190-2°. A mixture of 100 mg. BrCN, 200 mg. \alpha-Ij, and 5 ml.
     CHCl3 is refluxed 24 hrs. to yield 100 mg. I (R1 = Me, R2 = CN, R3 =
     \alpha-CMe2OH) (Il), m. 216-17° (Me2CO-hexane). Similarly prepared is I (R1 = Me, R2 = CNx, R3 = Ac) (Im). A mixture of 2.36 g. Il, 2.36 g.
     KOH, and 24 ml. ethylene glycol is heated 30 min. at 170°. After
     cooling, the mixture is diluted with H2O and extracted with CH2Cl2 to yield
1.5 g.
     I (R1 = Me, R2 = H, R3 = \alpha-CMe2OH) (In). Cyclopropanecarbonyl
     chloride (1.54 g.) is added to a stirred mixture of 1.5 g. K2CO3, 1.5 g. In,
     and 35 ml. Et20. After stirring the suspension for 2 hrs. it is worked up to yield 861 mg. I (R1 = Me, R2 = cyclopropylcarbonyl, R3 = \alpha-CMe20H
     (Io), m. 211-14° [Me2CO-hexane). A mixture of 125 mg. LiAlH4, 250
     mg. Io, and 10 ml. anhydrous tetrahydrofuran is refluxed 1 hr. After cooling
     a saturated aqueous solution of K Na tartrate is added and the organic layer
worked up
     as usual to yield 203 mg. I (R1 = Me, R2 = cyclopropylmethyl, R3 =
     \alpha\text{-CMe2OH}) (Ip), m. 152-3° (MeOH-H2O). A mixture of 100 mg.
     \alpha\text{-Ij, 400 mg.} KOH, and 2 ml. ethylene glycol is heated 1 hr. at
     210-15° to yield 30 mg. I (R1 = H, R2 = Me, R3 = \alpha-CMe2OH)
     (Iq), m. 273-4° (Me2CO-hexane). Similar saponification of Ip yields I (R1
     = H, R2 = cyclopropylmethyl, R3 = \alpha-CMe2OH) (Ir). Finally a solution
     of 392 mg. If in 1.6 ml. Ac2O and 1.6 ml. C5H5N is heated 1 hr. at
     100° to yield 213 mg. I (R1 = R2 = Me, R3 = (\alpha +
     \beta)-CH2OAc) (Is), m. 147-9° (Me2CO-hexane). The compds. are
     analgesics and (or) antagonists of analgesics. Some of them, in
     particular Ia, Id, If, Ii, Ij, and Iq, are narcotics with morphine-like
     analgesic activity. Ir is an antagonist of morphine and can be used both
     as antidote in case of morphine poisoning and as a non-addicting
     analgesic. A 3rd group, especially Ib, Ih, In, and Is, although lacking
     antagonistic activity, still can be used as nonnarcotic analgesics. In
     some cases the latter compds. also have antiinflammatory activity.
     various indicated properties are established by standard pharmacol.
     methods. The compds. are applied in the usual pharmaceutical
     formulations.
     16251-66-4P 16276-86-1P 16276-87-2P
     16276-88-3P 16276-89-4P 16276-92-9P
     16276-93-0P 16276-94-1P 16276-96-3P
     16276-97-4P 16276-98-5P 16276-99-6P
     16277-00-2P 16333-36-1P 16333-37-2P
     16427-96-6P 17097-36-8P 17097-37-9P
     RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
        (preparation of)
     16251-66-4 CAPLUS
     6,14-endo-Ethenocodeine, 7\alpha-cyano-6-deoxy-7,8-dihydro-6-(1-
    pyrrolidinyl) - (8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
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Absolute stereochemistry.

IT

RN

CN

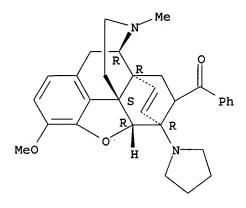
IT 16276-90-7

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(stereoisomers) RN16276-90-7 CAPLUS

6,14-endo-Ethenocodeine, 7-benzoyl-6-deoxy-7,8-dihydro-6-(1-pyrrolidinyl)-CN (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



ANSWER 13 OF 22 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1967:18789 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

66:18789

TITLE:

14-Hydroxy- 6α -aminodihydrocorsides

INVENTOR (S):

Iwai, Issei; Minakami, Akihiko; Seki, Isao; Takaqi,

Hiroshi; Kobayashi, Shinsaku

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Sankyo Co., Ltd.

SOURCE:

Jpn. Tokkyo Koho, 5 pp.

CODEN: JAXXAD

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|-------------|------|----------|-----------------|----------|
| | | | | |
| JP 41018826 | B4 | 19641031 | JP | 19640203 |

For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue.

AB I is treated with amine and the resulting II is subjected to catalytic reduction to give III, useful as an analgesic and antiphlogistic. Ts is tosyl in this abstract In an example, 4.7 g. I (R = Me) is boiled 40 hrs. in 200 cc. C6H6 with 20 cc. pyrrolidine, the mixture cooled and extracted with dilute HCl, and the extract washed with C6H6, made alkaline with 30% KOH under ice-cooling, and extracted with C6H6 to give 2.9 g. II (R = Me, Z =1-pyrrolidinyl), m. 105-9°. II (3.7 g.) is dissolved in 50 cc. 10% AcOH, shaken in a H stream with 2 g. 10% Pd-C 2.5 hrs., filtered, and the filtrate made alkaline with 30% KOH and extracted with C6H6 to give 1.7 g. III

(R = Me, Z = 1-pyrrolidinyl), m. 193-5°. Similarly prepared are the following III (R, Z, and m.p. given): Me, piperidino, 170-3°; Me, NMe2, 115-16°; phenethyl, 1-pyrrolidinyl, 91-3°.

IT 14978-25-7P 15012-13-2P 15012-14-3P

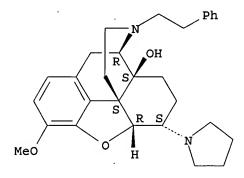
RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)

(preparation of)

RN 14978-25-7 CAPLUS

CN Morphinan-14-ol, 4,5 α -epoxy-3-methoxy-17-phenethyl-6 α -(1pyrrolidinyl) - (8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

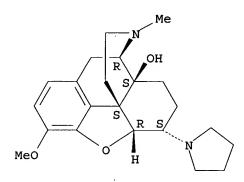
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 15012-13-2 CAPLUS

CN Morphinan-14-ol, 4,5 α -epoxy-3-methoxy-17-methyl-6 α -(1-pyrrolidinyl)-, stereoisomer (8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

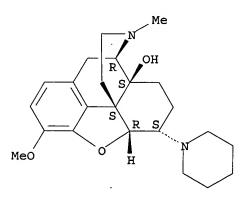
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 15012-14-3 CAPLUS

CN Morphinan-14-ol, 4,5 α -epoxy-3-methoxy-17-methyl-6 α -piperidino-(8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



L4 ANSWER 14 OF 22 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1967:18787 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

66:18787

TITLE:

6-Aminodihydromorphides

INVENTOR(S):

Iwai, Issei; Minakami, Akihiko; Seki, Isao; Takagi,

Hiroshi; Kobayashi, Shinsaku

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Sankyo Co., Ltd.

SOURCE:

Jpn. Tokkyo Koho, 4 pp.

CODEN: JAXXAD

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|-------------------|---------|-------------|-----------------|----------|
| | | | | |
| JP 41018824 | B4 | 19641031 | JP | 19640203 |
| For diagram(g) ge | a nrint | od CA Tague | | |

GI For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue.

Manufacture of I, useful as analgesic and antiphlogistic, by demethylation of II is described. In an example, 0.01 mole II (Z = α -1-pyrrolidinyl, R1 = H, R2 = Me) is heated in a N stream with a mixture of 15 cc. pyridine and 50 cc. 25% ethanolic HCl, 50 cc. warm H2O added, and the mixture adjusted to pH 5.0 with 30% KOH, washed with CHCl3, adjusted to pH 13.0 with 30% KOH, washed with CHCl3, adjusted to pH 9.0 with NH4Cl, and extracted with CHCl3 to give I [Z = α -(1-pyrrolidinyl), R1 = H, R2 = Me], m. 130-5°. Similarly prepared are the following I (Z, R1, R2, and m.p. given): β -piperidino, H, Me, 216.5-17.5° (AcOEt); α -(1-pyrrolidinyl), OH, Me, 254-6° (CHCl3-EtOH); α -piperidino, H, Me, 213-16° (AcOEt); α -(1-pyrrodiidinyl), OH, phenethyl, 238-42° (decomposition); α -NMe2, OH, Me, 261-4°.

IT 13851-14-4P 13851-15-5P 14912-47-1P

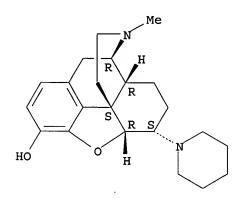
RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)

(preparation of)

RN 13851-14-4 CAPLUS

CN Morphinan-3-ol, 4,5α-epoxy-17-methyl-6α-piperidino- (8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 13851-15-5 CAPLUS

CN Morphinan-3,14-diol, 4,5 α -epoxy-17-phenethyl-6 α -(1-pyrrolidinyl)-, dihydrochloride (8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

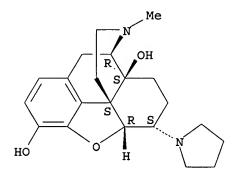
Absolute stereochemistry.

●2 HCl

RN 14912-47-1 CAPLUS

CN Morphinan-3,14-diol, 4,5 α -epoxy-17-methyl-6 α -(1-pyrrolidinyl)-(8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



L4 ANSWER 15 OF 22 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1967:18786 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 66:18786

TITLE: 6-Aminodihydrocorsides

INVENTOR(S): Iwai, Issei; Minakami, Akihiko; Seki, Isao; Takagi,

Hiroshi; Kobayashi, Shinsaku

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Sankyo Co., Ltd.

SOURCE: Jpn. Tokkyo Koho, 6 pp.

CODEN: JAXXAD

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

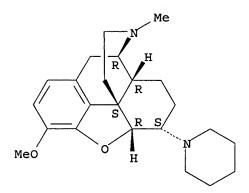
| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|-------------|------|----------|-----------------|----------|
| | | | | |
| JP 41018823 | B4 | 19641031 | JP | 19640203 |

GI For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue.

AB I is treated with ZH, and the resulting II is reduced to give III, useful as an analgesic and antitussive. In an example, dihydrocodeinone (29.95 g.) in 300 cc. C6H6 is boiled 1.5 hrs. with 3 g. p-MeC6H4SO3H and 25 cc. pyrrolidine to give 30.2 g. II (Z = pyrrolidinyl, R1 = H, R2 = Me) (IIa), m. 155-6°. Similarly prepared are the following II (Z, R1, R2, and

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m.p. qiven): morpholino, H, Me, 176-8° (EtOH); 1-pyrrolidinyl, OH,
     Me, 189-92°; 1-pyrrolidinyl, OH, phenethyl, 176.5-8.5°;
     morpholino, OH, Me, 196-8°; NMe2, H, Me, 122.5-3.5° (Et20).
     IIa (4.0 g.) is heated with 0.55 cc. HCO2H and the mixture dissolved in dilute
     HCl (pH 5.0), heated 30 min. with 0.9 g. NH2OH.HCl, made alkaline with NH4OH,
     and extracted with Et20 to give 0.7 g. III (X = \beta-(1-pyrrolidinyl), R1 =
     H, R2 = Me), m. 116-17^{\circ} [picrate m. 237^{\circ} (decomposition)], and
     2.05 g. I [Z = \alpha-(1-pyrrolidinyl), R1 = H, R2 = Me], m.
     76-80°; picrate m. 245° (decomposition). Similarly prepared are
     the following III (Z, R1, R2, and m.p. given): α-piperidino, H,
     Me, -(sirupy); \alpha-morpholino, H, Me, 138-40°;
     \alpha-(1-pyrrolidinyl), OH, Me, 197-9°; \alpha-(1-pyrrolidinyl),
     OH, phenethyl, 91-3°; \alpha-morpholino, OH, Me, 184-5°;
     \alpha-piperidino, OH, Me, 177-9°; \alpha-NMe2, OH, Me,
     115.5-16.5°; \alpha-NMe2, H, Me, 96-8°.
     14058-51-6P 14058-76-5P 14058-77-6P
IT
     14058-80-1P 14129-39-6P 14154-70-2P
     14241-46-4P 14978-25-7P 15012-13-2P
     15012-14-3P
     RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
        (preparation of)
RN
     14058-51-6 CAPLUS
     Morphinan, 4.5\alpha-epoxy-3-methoxy-17-methyl-6\alpha-piperidino-,
CN
     dihydrochloride (8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
```

Absolute stereochemistry.



●2 HCl

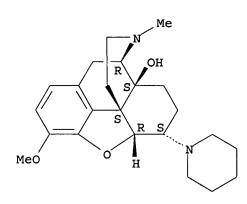
RN 14058-76-5 CAPLUS CN Morphinan, 4,5 α -epoxy-3-methoxy-17-methyl-6 α -(1-pyrrolidinyl)-(8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 15012-14-3 CAPLUS

Morphinan-14-ol, 4,5 α -epoxy-3-methoxy-17-methyl-6 α -piperidino-CN(8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



ANSWER 16 OF 22 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1966:447926 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 65:47926 ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 65:8980a-b

TITLE:

6-Amino-4-hydroxymorphinan derivatives Iwai, Issei; Minakami, Akihiko; Seki, Isao; Takagi, INVENTOR (S):

Hiroshi; Kobayashi, Shinsaku

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Sankyo Co., Ltd.

SOURCE: 4 pp. DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Unavailable

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

| | PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|------|----------------------|---------|--------------|-------------------------|---------------|
| | | | | | |
| | JP 41007787 | B4 | 19660425 | JP | 19640203 |
| PRIC | DRITY APPLN. INFO.: | | | JP | 19640203 |
| GI | For diagram(s), see | printe | ed CA Issue. | | |
| AB | cf. preceding abstr | act Ma | nufacture of | the same compds. as in | the preceding |
| | abstract by the cat | alytic | reduction of | I in the presence of F | R1H (R1 = |
| | | | | , or NMe2) was describe | |
| IT | 6681-21-6, Morphina | n, 4,14 | -dihydroxy-3 | -methoxy-N-methyl-6-(1- | • |
| | pyrrolidinyl) -, (-) | | | • | |
| | (preparation of) | | | | |
| RN | 6681-21-6 CAPLUS | | | | |

CN Morphinan-4,14-diol, 3-methoxy-17-methyl-6-(1-pyrrolidinyl)-, (-)- (8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

L4 ANSWER 17 OF 22 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

KIND

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1966:447925 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 65:47925

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 65:8979f-h,8980a

TITLE: 6-Amino-4-hydroxymorphinan derivatives

DATE

INVENTOR(S): Iwai, Issei; Minakami, Akihiko; Seki, Isao; Takagi,

Hiroshi; Kobayashi, Shinsaku

APPLICATION NO.

DATE

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Sankyo Co., Ltd.

SOURCE: 4 pp.
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: Unavailable

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.

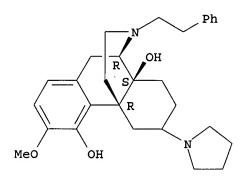
| | JP 41007786 | R4 | 19660425 | | 19640203 |
|------|-------------------------------|---------|----------------|------------------------------------|---------------|
| DDTO | RITY APPLN. INFO.: | Dī | 17000423 | JP | - |
| | | | 1 03 T | JP | 19640203 |
| GI | For diagram(s), see | | | | |
| AB | | act Ma | nufacture of | I, useful as an analge | sic and |
| anti | tussive, | | | | |
| | by the catalytic red | duction | of II was d | escribed. In an exampl | .e, 3.52 q. |
| | $()$ -II \cdot (R1 = 1-pyr) | colidin | y1, $R2 = H$, | R3 = Me) is dissolved i | n 160 cc. |
| | | | | perature with 1 g. 10% | |
| | filtered, the filtra | te eva | norated in v | acuo, the residue disso | lved in 30 cc |
| | | | | Al203, and eluted with | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | 1-pyrrolidinyl, R2 = H, | R3 = Me), m. |
| | 165.5-7.5°, [α] D28.5 | | | | |
| | | | | and m.p. given): morpho | olino, H, Me, |
| | 226.5-8.5° piperidir | | | | |
| | 113-15° (dipicrate m | n. 210- | 12° NMe2, H, | Me, - (dipicrate m. | |
| | 235°); NMe2, OH, Me, | 171-4 | ° 1-pyrrolid | inyl, OH, phenethyl, - | |
| | (dihydrochloride m. | 275-80 | 0) | | |
| IT | | | | -methoxy-N-methyl-6-(1- | |
| | nyrrolidinyl) = (-)- | 6601 | 27 2 Morphi | nan, 4,14-dihydroxy-3- | |
| | | | | | |
| | | .e-(1-b | Arrollgiuhi) | <pre>-, dihydrochloride, (-)</pre> | - |
| | (preparation of) | | | | |
| RN | 6681-21-6 CAPLUS | | | | |
| CN | Morphinan-4,14-diol, | 3-met | hoxy-17-meth | yl-6-(1-pyrrolidinyl)-, | (-)- (8CI) |
| | (CA INDEX NAME) | | | • . | |
| | | | | | |

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 6681-27-2 CAPLUS

CN Morphinan, 4,14-dihydroxy-3-methoxy-N-phenethyl-6-(1-pyrrolidinyl)-, dihydrochloride, (-)- (8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



●2 HCl

L4 ANSWER 18 OF 22 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1966:438671 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 65:38671

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 65:7229h,7230a-b

TITLE: 6-Amino-substituted morphinan derivatives

INVENTOR(S): Iwai, Issei; Minakami, Akihiko; Seki, Isao; Takagi,

Hiroshi; Kobayashi, Shinsaku

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Sankyo Co., Ltd.

SOURCE:

4 pp.

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

Unavailable

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|------------------------|------|----------|-----------------|----------|
| | | | | |
| JP 41006905 | B4 | 19660419 | JP | 19640203 |
| PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: | | | JP | 19640203 |

GI For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue.

AB Manufacture of I, useful as an analgesic and an antitussive, was described.

E.g., to a solution of 3.3 g. 14-hydroxydihydrothebainone 4-methyl ether in 60 cc. MeOH are added 1.0 cc. pyrrolidine and 0.5% 10% Pd-C, the whole is shaken 8 hrs. in a H stream, filtered, and the filtrate evaporated to give 2.6 g. I (R1 = Me, R2 = OH, R3 = 1-pyrrolidinyl), m. 128.5-30.5°

```
(EtOH), [\alpha]29D -15.1° (CHCl3). Similarly prepared are the
     following I (R1, R2, R3, m.p., and [α]D/temperature in CHCl3 given): H, H,
     1-pyrrolidinyl, 166-8°, -17.4°/28.5°; Me, H,
     1-pyrrolidinyl, 81-3°, -10.5°/27.5°; H, H, 1-pyrrolidinyl, 120-1° (dipicrate m. 183-4°),
     -13.2°/28°; H, OH, morpholino, 183-5°,
     -4.1°/28.5°; H, H, NMe2, - (dipicrate m. 235°), -; H, H, NMe2, 171-4°, -; H, H, piperidino, 172-4°,
     -21.1°/28°. Also prepared are (-)-4,14-dihydroxy-3-methoxy-N-
     phenethyl-6-(1-pyrrolidinyl)morphinan, syrupy; di-HCl salt m.
     275-80° (decomposition).
     6681-19-2, Morphinan, 14-hydroxy-3,4-dimethoxy-N-methyl-6-(1-
IT
     pyrrolidinyl)-, (-)- 6681-20-5, Morphinan, 3,4-dimethoxy-N-
     methyl-6-(1-pyrrolidinyl)-, (-)- 6681-21-6, Morphinan,
     4,14-dihydroxy-3-methoxy-N-methyl-6-(1-pyrrolidinyl)-, (-)-
     6681-22-7, Morphinan, 4,14-dihydroxy-3-methoxy-N-methyl-6-
     morpholino-, (-)- 6681-27-2, Morphinan, 4,14-dihydroxy-3-methoxy-
     N-phenethyl-6-(1-pyrrolidinyl)-, dihydrochloride, (-)- 6691-48-1
     , Morphinan, 4-hydroxy-3-methoxy-N-methyl-6-(1-pyrrolidinyl)-, (-)-
     6691-49-2, Morphinan, 4,14-dihydroxy-3-methoxy-N-methyl-6-(1-
     pyrrolidinyl)-, dipicrate, (-)-
         (preparation of)
RN
     6681-19-2 CAPLUS
CN
     Morphinan-14-ol, 3,4-dimethoxy-17-methyl-6-(1-pyrrolidinyl)-, (-)- (8CI)
     (CA INDEX NAME)
```

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 6681-20-5 CAPLUS CN Morphinan, 3,4-dimethoxy-17-methyl-6-(1-pyrrolidinyl)-, (-)- (8CI) (CAINDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 6681-21-6 CAPLUS

RN 6691-48-1 CAPLUS
CN Morphinan, 4-hydroxy-3-methoxy-N-methyl-6-(1-pyrrolidinyl)- (7CI, 8CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 6691-49-2 CAPLUS

CN Morphinan, 4,14-dihydroxy-3-methoxy-N-methyl-6-(1-pyrrolidinyl)-, dipicrate (7CI, 8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 6681-21-6 CMF C22 H32 N2 O3

Absolute stereochemistry.

CM 2 .

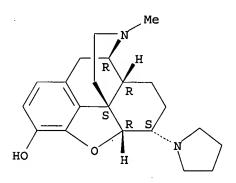
CRN 88-89-1 CMF C6 H3 N3 O7

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1964:454991 CAPLUS DOCUMENT NUMBER: 61:54991 ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 61:9545f-h TITLE: Morpholine alkaloids. XI. Aminomorphide compounds. 3. The steric aspects of the amino group AUTHOR (S): Seki, Isao Sankyo Co., Ltd., Tokyo CORPORATE SOURCE: Yagugaku Zasshi (1964), 84(7), 631-7 SOURCE: DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: Unavailable Codeine 6α -O-p-toluenesulfonate (4.5 g.) is refluxed with 20 ml. pyrrolidine in 200 ml. C6H6 for 36 hrs. to give 2.6 g. 6β -(1-pyrrolidinyl)codide (I), [α]27D --168.6° (EtOH); dipicrate m. 258-60°. I (3 g.) dissolved in 50 ml. 10% AcOH is shaken under H with 1 g. 5% Pd-C for 7 hrs. to give 1.3 g. 6β-(1-pyrrolidinyl)dihydrocodide, m. 113-16°. Starting from the corresponding 14-hydroxy derivative, 6α -(1-pyrrolidinyl)-14-hydroxycodide [m. 104-8°, [α] 27D --169° (EtOH)], and 6α -(1-pyrrolidinyl)-14-hydroxydihydrocodide (m. 193-5°) were prepared The use of piperidine instead of pyrrolidine gave 6α -piperidino-14-hydroxydihydrocodide, m. 170-3° (EtOH). The preparation of 8β-piperidinotetrahydrodeoxycodeine [m. 181-3°, [α] 27D -- 11.4° (CHCl3)] by reduction of 8 β piperidinodihydrocodeinone was also reported. The nuclear magnetic resonance spectra of these compds. were discussed. 13851-12-2, Morphine, 6-deoxy-7,8-dihydro-6-(1-pyrrolidinyl)-IT 13851-13-3, Morphine, 6-deoxy-7,8-dihydro-6β-piperidino-13851-14-4, Morphine, 6-deoxy-7,8-dihydro-6 α -piperidino-14241-46-4, Codeine, 6-deoxy-7,8-dihydro-6β-(1-pyrrolidinyl)-14912-47-1, Morphine, 6-deoxy-7,8-dihydro-14-hydroxy-6-(1pyrrolidinyl) - 15012-13-2, Codeine, 6-deoxy-7,8-dihydro-14hydroxy- 6α -(1-pyrrolidinyl) - 15012-14-3, Codeine, 6-deoxy-7,8-dihydro-14-hydroxy- 6α -piperidino- 106972-60-5, Morphinan, 4.14-dihydroxy-3-methoxy-N-methyl- 6α -(1-pyrrolidinyl)-(preparation of) 13851-12-2 CAPLUS RN

Absolute stereochemistry.

 $(5\alpha, 6\alpha)$ - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CN



Morphinan-3-ol, 4,5-epoxy-17-methyl-6-(1-pyrrolidinyl)-,

Absolute stereochemistry.

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ANSWER 20 OF 22 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER:
                          1964:454990 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                          61:54990
ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.:
                          61:9545c-f
TITLE:
                          Morpholine alkaloids. X. Aminomorpholide compounds. 2.
                          The reduction of enamines and the catalytic reductive
                          amination of C-6 ketones
AUTHOR (S):
                          Seki, Isao
                          Sankyo Co., Ltd., Tokyo
CORPORATE SOURCE:
                          Yagugaku Zasshi (1964), 84(7), 626-31
SOURCE:
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                          Journal
LANGUAGE:
                          Unavailable
     For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue.
AB
     Enamine (I) (0.005 mole) dissolved in 150 ml. MeOH is stirred at
     35-40° with 0.5 g. NaBH4 for 2 hrs. and then refluxed with 1 ml.
     AcOH for 3 hrs. to give the following II [R1, R2, R3, m.p., and [\alpha]D
     (CHCl3) given]: H, Me, \alpha-pyrrolidino, 70-80°, -237.8°;
     H, Me, \beta-pyrrolidino, 116-17°, -152.6°; H, Me,
     piperidino, --, --; H, Me, morpholino, 138-40°, -156.8°; OH,
     Me, pyrrolidino, 197-9°, -160.4°; OH, phenethyl,
     pyrrolidino, 91-3°, -85°; OH, Me, piperidino, 177-9°,
     -170°; OH, Me, morpholino, 184-5°, -162.9°; H, Me, NMe2, 96-8°, -155.2°; OH, Me, NMe2, 115.5-16.5°,
     -158.1°. Reduction of I with HCO2H also gives II. Preparation of III by
     the catalytic (Pd-C) reductive amination of the corresponding C-6 ketone
     in MeOH is also described. The following III are prepared [R1, R2, R3,
     m.p., and [\alpha]D (CHCl3) given]: H, H, pyrrolidino, 165.5-7.5°,
     -17.4°; H, Me, pyrrolidino, 81-3°, -10.5°; OH, H,
     piperidino, -- (dipicrate m. 210-12°), --; H, H, morpholino,
     226.5-8.5°, 5.2°; H, H, piperidino, 172-4°, -21.1°; OH, H, morpholino, 183-5°, 4.1°; OH, H,
     pyrrolidino, 120.5-1.5° (dipicrate m. 183-6°),
     -13.2°; OH, Me, pyrrolidino, 128.5-30.5°, -15.1°; H,
     H, NMe2, -- (dipicrate m. 235°), --; OH, H, NMe2, 172-5°,
     --. The preparation of the following compds. was also reported:
     (-)-N-phenethyl-3-methoxy-6-(1-pyrrolidinyl)-4,14-dihydroxymorphinan
     (dihydrochloride m. 275-80°), 6-(1-pyrrolidinyl)dihydromorphide (m.
     130-5°), 6-(1-pyrrolidinyl)-14-hydroxydihydromorphide (m.
     254-6°), 6-piperidinodihydromorphide (\alpha-form m.
     213-16°, \beta-form m. 216.5-17.5°), and
     6-dimethylamino-14-hydroxydihydromorphide (m. 261-4°).
IT
     6681-19-2, Morphinan, 14-hydroxy-3,4-dimethoxy-N-methyl-6-(1-
     pyrrolidinyl) - 6681-20-5, Morphinan, 3,4-dimethoxy-N-methyl-6-(1-
     pyrrolidinyl) - 6681-21-6, Morphinan, 4,14-dihydroxy-3-methoxy-N-
     methyl-6-(1-pyrrolidinyl) - 6681-22-7, Morphinan,
     4,14-dihydroxy-3-methoxy-N-methyl-6-morpholino- 6681-26-1,
     Morphinan, 4-hydroxy-3-methoxy-N-methyl-6-piperidino- 6681-27-2,
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Morphinan, 4,14-dihydroxy-3-methoxy-N-phenethyl-6-(1-pyrrolidinyl)-,
     dihydrochloride 6691-48-1, Morphinan, 4-hydroxy-3-methoxy-N-methyl-6-(1-pyrrolidinyl)- 6691-49-2, Morphinan,
     4,14-dihydroxy-3-methoxy-N-methyl-6-(1-pyrrolidinyl)-, dipicrate
     7315-45-9, Morphinan, 4-hydroxy-3-methoxy-N-methyl-6-morpholino-
     7315-46-0, Morphinan, 4,14-dihydroxy-3-methoxy-N-methyl-6-
     piperidino- 7315-47-1, Morphinan, 4,14-dihydroxy-3-methoxy-N-
     methyl-6-piperidino-, dipicrate 13851-12-2, Morphine,
     6-deoxy-7,8-dihydro-6-(1-pyrrolidinyl)- 13851-13-3, Morphine,
     6-deoxy-7,8-dihydro-6β-piperidino- 13851-14-4, Morphine, 6-deoxy-7,8-dihydro-6α-piperidino- 13851-21-3, Norcodeine,
     6-deoxy-7,8-dihydro-14-hydroxy-N-phenethyl-6-(1-pyrrolidinyl)-
     14058-51-6, Codeine, 6-deoxy-7,8-dihydro-6-piperidino-,
     dihydrochloride 14058-76-5, Codeine, 6-deoxy-7,8-dihydro-
     6\alpha-(1-pyrrolidinyl)- 14058-77-6, Codeine,
     6-deoxy-7,8-dihydro-6-morpholino- 14058-80-1, Codeine,
     6-deoxy-7,8-dihydro-14-hydroxy-6-morpholino- 14154-70-2,
     Codeine, 6-deoxy-7,8-dihydro-6α-(1-pyrrolidinyl)-, dipicrate
     14241-46-4, Codeine, 6-deoxy-7,8-dihydro-6β-(1-pyrrolidinyl)-
     104195-72-4, Codeine, 6-deoxy-7,8-dihydro-14-hydroxy-6-piperidino-
     107305-16-8, Codeine, 6-deoxy-7,8-dihydro-6β-(1-pyrrolidinyl)-
     , dipicrate 834885-34-6, Codeine, 6-deoxy-7,8-dihydro-14-hydroxy-
     6-(1-pyrrolidinyl)-
         (preparation of)
     6681-19-2 CAPLUS
ВN
CN
     Morphinan-14-ol, 3,4-dimethoxy-17-methyl-6-(1-pyrrolidinyl)-, (-)- (8CI)
     (CA INDEX NAME)
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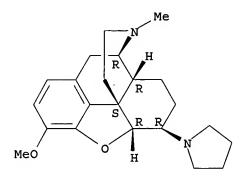
Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 6681-20-5 CAPLUS
CN Morphinan, 3,4-dimethoxy-17-methyl-6-(1-pyrrolidinyl)-, (-)- (8CI) (CAINDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

CMF C22 H30 N2 O2

Absolute stereochemistry.



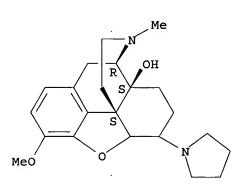
CM 2

CRN 88-89-1 CMF C6 H3 N3 O7

RN 834885-34-6 CAPLUS

CN Codeine, 6-deoxy-7,8-dihydro-14-hydroxy-6-(1-pyrrolidinyl)- (7CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



L4 ANSWER 21 OF 22 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1964:454989 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

61:54989

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.:

61:9544h,9545a-c

TITLE:

Morpholine alkaloids. IX. Aminomorphide compounds. 1. The formation of enamines and the addition of amine to

 α , β -unsaturated ketones

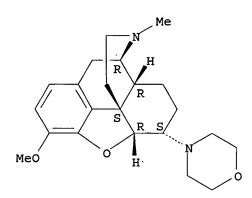
AUTHOR(S): Seki, Isao

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Sankyo Co., Ltd., Tokyo

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Yagugaku Zasshi (1964), 84(7), 621-5
SOURCE:
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                             Journal
                            Unavailable
LANGUAGE:
     For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue.
     I (0.01 mole) dissolved in 70 ml. C6H6 is boiled with 0.02 mole secondary
AB
     amine and 0.03 g. p-MeC6H4SO3H to give the following II [X, R1, R2, R3,%
     yield, m.p., and [\alpha]D (CHCl3) given]: H, H, Me, pyrrolidino, 85.6,
     155.5-6.5°, -352.5°; H, OH, Me, pyrrolidino, 94.7,
     189-92°, --320.7; H, OH, phenethyl, pyrrolidino, 98.2,
     176.5-8.5°, -220.7°; H, OH, H, pyrrolidino, 66.7,
     210-12° (decomposition), --; pyrrolidino, OH, Me, pyrrolidino, 94.25, 166°, -38.8°; H, H, Me, morpholino, 81.7, 176-8°,
     -321.6°; H, OH, Me, morpholino, 86.5, 196-8°, -294.8°; H, H, Me, Me2N, 50, 122.5-3.5°, -285.7°;
     Me2N, OH, Me, Me2N, 32, 148-51°, -236.5°. III (0.01 mole)
     is refluxed with 0.01 mole secondary amine in C6H6 for 1.5-2 hrs. to give
     the following IV [R1, R2, % yield, m.p., and [\alpha]D (CHCl3) given]: H,
     piperidino, 39.7, 186-7°, -75.5°; H, morpholino, 33.5, 203,
      --78.2°; OH, pyrrolidino, --, 165-6°, -151.1°; OH,
     piperidino, --, 174-6°, -158.3°; OH, morpholino, --, 206.5-8.5°, -178.8°; OH, NMe2, --, 174-5°,
      -187.1°.
IT
     14058-77-6, Codeine, 6-deoxy-7,8-dihydro-6-morpholino-
         (preparation of)
     14058-77-6 CAPLUS
     Morphinan, 4.5\alpha-epoxy-3-methoxy-17-methyl-6\alpha-morpholino- (8CI)
CN
        (CA INDEX NAME)
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Absolute stereochemistry.



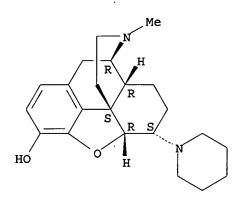
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ANSWER 22 OF 22 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
L4
ACCESSION NUMBER:
                         1939:54200 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                         33:54200
ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.:
                         33:7800e-i,7801a-e
                         Aminomorphides and aminocodides
TITLE:
AUTHOR (S):
                         Small, Lyndon; Palmer, Fred S.
SOURCE:
                         Journal of the American Chemical Society (1939), 61,
                         2186-90
                         CODEN: JACSAT; ISSN: 0002-7863
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     For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue.
AB
     There are today no distinctive phys. or chemical criteria that may be applied
     to the determination of the configuration of groups at C-6 or C-8 relative to
any
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arbitrarily chosen standard. Certain derivs. have been classified as having the codeine or isocodeine, the pseudocodeine or allopseudocodeine

configuration on the basis of similarities in pharmacol. action, with full realization of the limitations and weakness of such deductions. Positional differences between the unsatd. 6- and 8-substituted types may be determined by catalytic reduction; those derivs. having the substituent (or H) in the 8-position and a double bond at the 6,7-position on reduction suffer an opening of the O bridge simultaneously with or before saturation of the double bond. The derivs. with the 6-substituent (halogen excepted) and the 7,8-double bond undergo hydrogenation normally, without involving the O bridge. The reaction of α -chloromorphide (I) and α-chlorocodide (II) with secondary amines or NH3 proceeds with a rearrangement such that the new basic groups appear at the 8-position. The morphine derivs. that are believed to have the halogen atom in the 8-position, as bromomorphide (III), bromocodide (IV) and β -chlorocodide (V), react with a rearrangement in the reverse sense, to give 6-aminomorphide and 6-aminocodide derivs. The introduction of basic groups into the morphine or codeine mol. results in a considerable diminution of physiol. action, especially analgesic effect. I and Et2NH give 8-diethylaminomorphide (VI), m. 201-4° [α]D21 49.1° (MeOH, c 0.87) (cf. Wieland and Kappelmeier, C. A. 5, 3462); the di-HI derivative, with 1.5 moles of H2O, m. 87-93°, $[\alpha]\,D25$ 2.6° (H2O, c 0.38); diperchlorate, m. 114-16°, $[\alpha]D19$ 4.4° (H2O, c 0.91). Heating 10 g. I and piperidine in an evacuated sealed tube at 100° for 30 min. gives 9.2 g. of 8-piperidinomorphide (VII), m. 222-4°, [α]D24 28.7° (MeOH, c 1.15); di-HI salt, m. 208-14°, $[\alpha]D23$ 14.9° 14.9° (H2O, c 0.37); monomethiodide, m. 243-5°, [α] 2D2323.7° (50% EtOH, c 1.14); catalytic reduction yields a tetrahydro derivative, m. 270-80°, [α]D26 45.1° (10% AcOH, c 0.63); FeCl3 gives a moss-green color; Ac2O gives a base, m. 172-8°. 8-Diethylaminocodide, resulting from II and Et2NH or from VI and CH2N2, m. 101-3°, $[\alpha]D23$ 42.6° (MeOH, c 1); diperchlorate, m. 180.5-3°, [α]D19 3.3° (H2O, c 0.92); di-HI salt, m. 179-82°, $[\alpha]D2622.9°$ (EtOH, c 0.39); tetrahydro derivative, m. 154-7°, $[\alpha]D25$ 31.5° (MeOH), c 0.75); monoperchlorate, m. 234-8°, [\alpha] D26 18.3° (H2O, c 0.30). 8-Piperidocodide (VIII), from II and piperidine or from VII and CH2N2, m. 116-17°, [α]D22 25.8° (MeOH, c 0.89); di-H sulfate, with 2 moles of H2O, m. 161-3.5°, $[\alpha]D26$ 19.8° (H2O, c 1.46); mono-HI salt, m. 234-7°, $[\alpha]D24$ 13.3° (H2O, c 0.337); most prepns. of the HI salt consisted chiefly of the di-HI salt; monomethiodide, [α]D25 22° (H2O, c 0.86); diperchlorate, m. 181-3°, $[\alpha]D25$ 13.2° (50% EtOH, c 1.02); tetrahydro derivative (IX), m. about 125°, $[\alpha]D25$ 36.7° (MeOH, c 1.07); the FeCl3 reaction is deep emerald-green. The HCl salt of VIII (from VIII and HCl in Et20) on reduction yields a dihydro derivative of VIII, m. 167-9°, [α]D25 -1.2° (MeOH, c 1.68), and some IX. II (10 g.) in 180 cc. liquid NH3, kept at 50° for 24 hrs., gives 11 g. of the di-HCl salt (X), m. 300-5°, [α] D24 -40.7° (H2O, c 0.88), of 8-aminocodide (XI), m. 128.5-9°, [α]D21 -79.2° (EtOH, c 0.48); di-Ac derivative, m. 218-20° (decomposition), $[\alpha]D24$ -83.1° (EtOH), c 1.04); tetrahydro derivative, m. 138.5-40°, $[\alpha]D24$ -9.7° (EtOH, c 1.13); FeCl3 gives an intense blue-green color; di-HCl salt, [α] D24 6.6° (H2O, c 0.91); reduction of X gives a glassy dihydro derivative of XI, [α]D21 -28.70° (EtOH, c 1.08); di-HCl salt, m. 274-7°, $[\alpha]D24$ -14.7° (H2O, c 1.08). III (20 g.) and 20 g. piperidine, heated in a sealed evacuated tube for 30 min. in a boiling water bath, give 14.6 g. of 6-piperidomorphide (XII), m. 216-17°, [α] D23 -234.8° (MeOH, c 0.871); methiodide, m. 236-41°, $[\alpha]D23$ -145.8° (50% EtOH, c 1.05); dihydro derivative, m. 215-17°, $[\alpha]D24$ -155.9° (MeOH, c 0.76). or V and piperidine or XII and CH2N2 give 6-piperidocodide, m. 75-80°, $[\alpha]D25$ -233.9° (MeOH, c 0.87); diperchlorate,

m. 172-5°, [α]D23 -113.4° (H2O, c 0.44); a crystalline reduction product could not be isolated. IV and liquid NH3 do not give a Br-free compound
 IT 13851-14-4, Morphide, dihydro-6-piperido- (preparation of)
 RN 13851-14-4 CAPLUS
 CN Morphinan-3-ol, 4,5α-epoxy-17-methyl-6α-piperidino- (8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



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L1

(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 09:01:51 ON 01 JUN 2006)

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 09:02:01 ON 01 JUN 2006

STRUCTURE UPLOADED

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L3 376 S L1 FULL

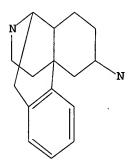
FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 09:02:34 ON 01 JUN 2006

L4 22 S L3

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L1 HAS NO ANSWERS

L1 STR



Structure attributes must be viewed using STN Express query preparation.

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ANSWER 1 OF 1 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:333718 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 140:339518

TITLE: Preparation of morphinan derivatives having

nitrogen-containing heterocyclic group as remedies or

prophylactic agents for urinary

frequency or urinary

incontinence

INVENTOR(S): Izumimoto, Naoki; Kawai, Koji; Kawamura, Kuniaki;

Fujimura, Morihiro; Komagata, Toshikazu

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Toray Industries, Inc., Japan PCT Int. Appl., 202 pp.

SOURCE:

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

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|--------------------------------|--------------|-----------------|---------------|----------------|
| WO 2004033457 | Δ1 20 | | 003TD12890 | 20031008 |
| | | | | Z, CA, CH, CN, |
| | | | EE, EG, ES, F | |
| | | | KE, KG, KP, K | |
| | | | MN, MW, MX, M | |
| | | | SE, SG, SK, S | |
| TN, TR, | T, TZ, UA, U | JG, US, UZ, VC, | VN, YU, ZA, Z | M, ZW |
| | | | | W, AM, AZ, BY, |
| | | | CH, CY, CZ, D | |
| | | | NL, PT, RO, S | |
| | | | GW, ML, MR, N | |
| CA 2501389 | | | 003-2501389 | |
| AU 2003272944 | | | | |
| EP 1555266 | A1 20 | 050720 EP 2 | 003-754030 | 20031008 |
| R: AT, BE, | H, DE, DK, E | S, FR, GB, GR, | IT, LI, LU, N | L, SE, MC, PT, |
| IE, SI, | T, LV, FI, R | O, MK, CY, AL, | TR, BG, CZ, E | E, HU, SK |
| BR 2003014754 | | 050726 BR 2 | 003-14754 | 20031008 |
| US 2006040970 | A1 20 | 060223 US 2 | 005-530664 | 20050406 |
| US 2006040970 NO 2005002167 | A 20 | 050616 NO 2 | 005-2167 | 20050503 |
| PRIORITY APPLN. INFO. | | | 002-295616 | |
| | | WO 2 | 003-JP12890 | W 20031008 |
| OTUED COIDCE/C). | MADDAM 144 | 0.220510 | | |

OTHER SOURCE(S):

MARPAT 140:339518

GI

AB Title compds. I [wherein R1 represents Me, cyclopropylmethyl, etc.; R2 and R3 represent each hydroxy, methoxy, acetoxy, etc.; Y and Z represent each a valence bond, CO, etc.; X represents a C2-5 carbon chain constituting a

part of the cyclic structure (wherein one of the carbon atoms may be substituted by oxygen, sulfur or nitrogen); (R4)n represents an optionally substituted fused benzene ring, carbonyl, etc.; R9 represents hydrogen, etc.; R10 and R11 may be bonded together to form 0; and R6 represents hydrogen, etc.] and their pharmacol. acceptable salts, useful as remedy or a prophylactic agents for urinary frequency or urinary incontinence, are prepared Thus, refluxing dihydrocodeinone with 1,2,3,4-tetrahydroquinoline in xylene-DMF in the presence of methanesulfonic acid gave, after treatment with sodium cyanohydride and methanesulfonic acid in methanol at room temperature for 24 h, 33% 4,5 α -epoxy-6 β -tetrahydroquinolino-3-methoxy-17-methylmorphinan (II). II was converted to 4,5 α -epoxy-6 β -tetrahydroquinolino-17-methylmorphinan-3-ol tartrate (III) in 75% yield. III showed urinary contraction inhibitory activity at 0.1 mg/kg i.v. in rats.

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 5 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

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(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 12:56:47 ON 01 JUN 2006)

FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 12:57:04 ON 01 JUN 2006

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 12:57:54 ON 01 JUN 2006

L1 STRUCTURE UPLOADED

L2 376 S L1 FULL

FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 12:58:21 ON 01 JUN 2006

L3 22 S L2

L4 1481 S URINARY FREQUENCY OR URINARY INCONTINENCE OR URINARY URGENCY

L5 1 S L3 AND L4

=> d l1

L1 HAS NO ANSWERS

L1 STR

Structure attributes must be viewed using STN Express query preparation.